

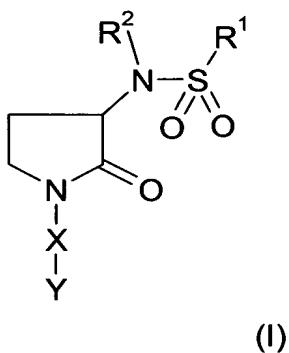
**Amendments To The Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**In the Claims:**

What is claimed is:

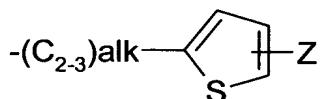
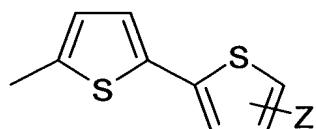
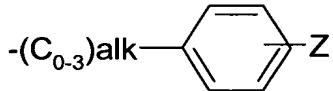
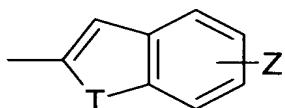
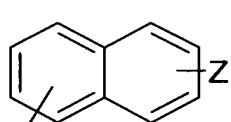
1. (Presently amended) A compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> represents a group selected from:



each ring of which optionally contains includes a further heteroatom N,  
Z represents an optional substituent halogen,  
alk represents alkylene or alkenylene,  
T represents S, O or NH;

R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylCONR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylCO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylCO<sub>2</sub>H;

R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> independently represent hydrogen, -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or together with the N atom to which they are bonded form a 5-, 6- or 7- membered non-aromatic heterocyclic ring optionally containing consisting of an additional heteroatom selected from O, N or S(O)<sub>n</sub>, optionally substituted by -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, and ~~optionally the S-heteroatom is substituted by one or more O, i.e. and represents S(O)<sub>n</sub>~~;

n represents 0-2;

X represents phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered aromatic heterocyclic group containing consisting of at least one heteroatom selected from O, N or S, each of which is optionally substituted by 0-2 groups selected from: halogen, -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub>, -NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>, -C<sub>0-4</sub>alkylOR<sup>e</sup>, -C(O)R<sup>f</sup> and -C(O)NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>;

R<sup>e</sup> represents hydrogen or -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

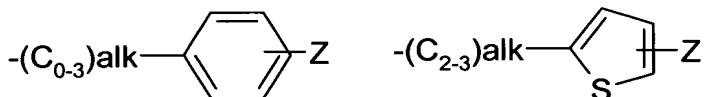
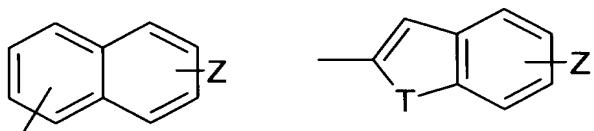
R<sup>f</sup> represents -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl;

Y represents phenyl or a 5- or 6- membered aromatic heterocyclic group containing consisting of at least one heteroatom selected from O, N or S, each of which is substituted by a group -C<sub>1-2</sub>alkylNR<sup>c</sup>R<sup>d</sup>.

R<sup>c</sup> and R<sup>d</sup>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bonded, form a 4-membered heterocyclic ring optionally substituted by halogen, OH or -OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or a 5- or 6- membered non-aromatic heterocyclic ring substituted by OH, -OC<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or 1 to 2 halogens, with the proviso that the substituent is not attached to a ring carbon atom adjacent to a heteroatom;

and/or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> represents a group selected from:



each ring of which optionally contains includes a further heteroatom N,  
 Z represents an optional substituent halogen,  
 alk represents alkylene or alkenylene,  
 T represents S, O or NH;  
 and/or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

3. (Currently amended) A compound according to claim 1 or ~~claim 2~~  
 wherein R<sup>2</sup> represents hydrogen and/or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative  
 thereof.

4. (Currently amended) A compound according to ~~any one of~~ claims  
 1-3 wherein X represents phenyl or a 5 or 6 membered aromatic heterocyclic  
 group containing consisting of at least one heteroatom selected from O, N or S,  
 each of which is optionally substituted by 0-2 groups selected from: halogen, -  
 C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or -NR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup> and/or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

5. (Currently amended) A compound according to ~~any one of~~ claims  
 1-4 wherein Y represents a 5 or 6 membered aromatic heterocyclic group  
containing consisting of at least one heteroatom selected from O, N or S, each  
 of which is substituted by a group -CH<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>c</sup>R<sup>d</sup> and/or pharmaceutically  
 acceptable derivative thereof.

6. (Currently Amended) A compound ~~according to claim 1~~ selected  
 from:

(1E)-N-(1-{4-[2-(1-Azetidinylmethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]-2-fluorophenyl}-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl)-2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)-1-propene-1-sulfonamide;  
 N-(1-{4-[2-(1-Azetidinylmethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]-2-fluorophenyl}-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl)-2-(5-chloro-2-thienyl)ethanesulfonamide;  
 N-((3S)-1-{4-[2-(1-Azetidinylmethyl)-1H-imidazol-1-yl]-2-fluorophenyl}-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl)-6-chloro-1-benzothiophene-2-sulfonamide;  
 (E)-2-(5-Chloro-2-thienyl)-N-[1-(2-fluoro-4-{2-[(3-fluoro-1-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-yl}phenyl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]ethenesulfonamide;  
 (1E)-2-(5-Chloro-2-thienyl)-N-[1-(2-fluoro-4-{2-[(3-fluoro-1-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-1H-imidazol-1-yl}phenyl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]-1-propene-1-sulfonamide;

6-Chloro-N-[1-(2-fluoro-4-{2-[(3-fluoro-1-pyrrolidinyl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl}phenyl)-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl]-1-benzothiophene-2-sulfonamide; and  
6-Chloro-N-{1-[2-fluoro-4-(2-[(3-methyloxy)-1-azetidinyl]methyl)-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl]phenyl}-2-oxo-3-pyrrolidinyl}-1-benzothiophene-2-sulfonamide formate;  
and/or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

7. Cancelled.

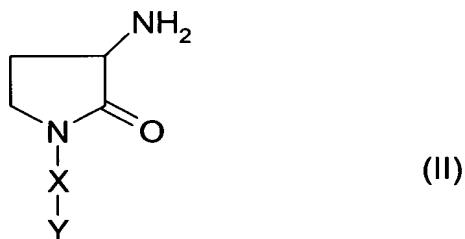
8. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any of claims 1-6 and/or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof together with at least one pharmaceutical carrier and/or excipient.

9. Cancelled.

10. (Original) A method of treating a patient suffering from a condition susceptible to amelioration by a Factor Xa inhibitor comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any of claims 1-6 and/or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

11. (Original) A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) which comprises:

(a) reacting a compound of formula (II) or an acid addition salt thereof with a compound of formula (III) where V is a suitable leaving group:



OR:

(b) by reacting compounds of formula (I) where R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen with compounds of formula (XI):



wherein R<sup>2</sup> is -C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylCONR<sup>a</sup>R<sup>b</sup>, -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylCO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or -CO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl and T is a suitable leaving group, optionally followed by removal of the alkyl protecting group where appropriate.